

## FOR NATIONAL TAX.

Speakers at Good Roads Convention Want Uncle Sam's Help.

Gov. Dockery, Ex-Gov. Francis, Martin Dodge, Senator Latimer and Others Tell the Need of Better Highways.

St. Louis, April 28.—The National and International Convention of the Good Roads' association was called to order at ten o'clock in Odeon hall by Chairman L. D. Kingsland.

After the opening session had been called to order the presiding officer, Hon. W. H. Moore, was introduced and made a short address. President Moore introduced Mayor Wells, who accorded a hearty welcome to the association and the visiting delegates, Gov. Dockery followed with an address on "The State's Duty," in which he outlined what the state should do in co-operating in the work of improvement. "The Exposition" was a subject fully treated upon by President D. R. Francis, of the Louisiana Purchase exposition. Hon. Martin Dodge, director of the office of public roads inquiries in the agriculture department, spoke on the subject, "What the Government Is Doing for Highway Improvement."

Illness prevented the attendance of Congressman W. P. Brownlow, of Jonesboro, Tenn., who was to speak on the subject of "National Aid." United States Senator A. C. Latimer, of South Carolina, was called upon in his place. He spoke from the standpoint of the farmer and also as a legislator, declaring highway improvement to be the most important subject to come before congress, for it affected more people than any other of which he was aware.

### RUSSIA'S ANSWER.

If Borne Out by Subsequent Information It Will Give Satisfaction to the United States.

Washington, April 28.—Considerable interest was shown here last night in the Associated press dispatch from St. Petersburg giving a categorical answer by the Russian foreign office to inquiries on China in connection with Manchuria. It was regarded as of great importance, and if borne out by subsequent information through diplomatic channels, will give general satisfaction and meet in a large degree the desires of our government. It was in relation to the first two demands that the United States was interested particularly and it was these demands which prompted it to address notes of inquiry and protest to St. Petersburg and Peking. They involved severe restrictions to American trade, and the United States therefore was prompt to protest. The assurance of the Russian foreign office contained in the St. Petersburg dispatch would seem to set at rest any serious menace in that respect. The replies of the Russians regarding the other demands also caused a feeling of relief here, and the hope of the officials is that Russia's position is fully and correctly set forth.

### THE PHILIPPINE SITUATION.

Rizal, Bulacan and Cavite Apparently Pacified—The Conditions in Albay Not So Satisfactory.

Manila, April 28.—Rizal, Bulacan and Cavite have apparently been pacified as a result of the vigorous campaign of the scouts and constabulary. Extensive precautions have been taken to guard against brigandage. It is estimated that 200 of the enemy were killed during the operations. The conditions in Albay are unsatisfactory and the government is organizing another campaign. Surigao, Mindanao, is now orderly and the troops will soon be withdrawn. The Misamis movement is not important. The trouble there largely resulted from reports that all the American troops were to be withdrawn from the islands.

Cholera is again threatening the island of Luzon. The bad outbreak in the Camarines apparently is spreading northward. The Cagayan valley is infected and it is feared the recrudescence will extend over all the islands. Past epidemics have generally lasted over three years. There have been 101 cases of bubonic plague, mostly among the natives and Chinese, in Manila since January.

### Probably a Fairly Story.

New York, April 28.—It developed yesterday that papers are being prepared by attorneys for certain stockholders in the Northern Securities company to obtain the arrest of J. Pierpont Morgan immediately upon his landing on English soil from the Cedre, upon which he sailed Friday last. It is asserted that his case exactly parallels the case of J. Whitaker Wright, who is now held in the Tombs here without bail for floating the stock of a company which later failed to carry out its promises to investors.

### Female Students Expelled.

Liberty, Mo., April 28.—A clandestine drive by moonlight and a midnight lunch with liquid trimmings taken last week by six young men from William Jewell college and six young women from Liberty Ladies' college has just bore fruit in the suspension of the male and expulsion of the female participants from their respective schools.

Two Thousand of Mullah's Men Killed. Aden, Arabia, April 27.—Brig. Gen. Manning, after an engagement with the Mad Mullah's forces, has relieved Col. Cobbe near Gumburru, Somali-land, 45 miles westward of Galdafi. About 2,000 of the Mullah's men were killed. The British loss is not known.

## TRYING TO DIE POOR.

Andrew Carnegie Gives \$1,500,000 to Erect a Court for The Hague Tribunal.

New York, April 28.—Andrew Carnegie and J. P. Morgan, with their daughters, sailed for Europe on the Cedre Saturday. Mr. Carnegie looks like a sick man. He said he was going first to Skibo castle, and would later buy a yacht like Charles M. Schwab's, and take a trip to Norway.

Simultaneously with the departure for Europe of Carnegie came the announcement that he had decided to place at the disposal of the government of The Netherlands the sum of \$1,500,000 for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a courthouse at The Hague for the permanent court of arbitration.

### Carnegie Not a Praying Man.

New York, April 28.—According to a statement credited to Andrew Carnegie he is not a praying man. Mr. Carnegie, in a statement credited to him when he made his gift of \$600,000 to Tuskegee institute and Booker T. Washington, said recently: "Providence has been very kind to me of late. When I come to think of it, I can assign no reason for this generosity except that I have not bothered Providence with my petitions for about 40 years."

Carnegie Gives \$600,000 to Negroes. Tuskegee, Ala., April 25.—The trustees of Tuskegee institute, Booker Washington's negro school, have received a gift of \$600,000 from Andrew Carnegie. The trustees have \$410,000, which with Carnegie's princely gift will give the school an endowment of \$1,010,000. The current expenses of the school are \$152,000 a year.

### SUFFRAGE DENIED.

United Supreme Court Refuses to Give Alabama Negroes Relief From New Constitution.

Washington, April 28.—The United States supreme court yesterday decided the case of Jackson W. Giles vs. the board of registrars of Montgomery county, Ala. Giles is a colored man, who was denied the privilege of registering as a voter under the new constitution of Alabama and the case was brought to test the validity of the portion of the state constitution bearing upon this question. The relief sought was denied on the ground that the case was political.

### Mrs. Gougar Loses Her Suit.

Lincoln, Neb., April 25.—County Judge Waters yesterday decided in favor of the defendants in the suit brought by Mrs. Helen M. Gougar against members of the populist state central committee for salary alleged to be due for speeches made by Mrs. Gougar. One of the novel features of Judge Waters' decision is that the suit cannot lie against the committeemen, who simply acted as agents, and that it should have been brought against the populist voters of Nebraska, some 40,000 in number.

Vanderbilt Married Mrs. Rutherford. London, April 27.—William K. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Anna Rutherford were married Saturday at St. Mark's church, North Audley street. The officiating clergyman was Rev. W. H. Hadden. The wedding took place just before noon. Winfield Hoyt, of New York, was the best man, and Henry White, of the American embassy, gave away the bride. The only other persons in the church beside the verger were the duke and duchess of Marlborough. The duchess is Vanderbilt's daughter.

Special Delivery Mail on Rural Routes. Washington, April 28.—First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne has issued the following order: "Special delivery mail addressed to bona fide patrons of rural routes will be delivered by rural carriers at patrons' dwellings without regard to their distances from the routes. A bona fide patron of the rural service is one who has properly erected on a rural route a mail box which has received the approval of the post office department for use on such routes."

Will Ignore Fanston's Request. Washington, April 25.—Brig. Gen. Funston has asked for a court of inquiry on allegations that he was guilty of cruelty toward the Filipinos while in command of a brigade in the Philippines. It is probable that his request will be refused by Secretary Root, who has had the charges investigated and thinks they do not warrant court of inquiry.

House Repudiates Its Speaker. Springfield, Ill., April 25.—The Illinois house of representatives yesterday, by a vote of 72 to 60 declared "no confidence" in its presiding officer, Speaker John H. Miller, whose alleged unwarranted use of the gavel in furthering a proposed enactment affecting street railway franchises in Chicago led to a riot Thursday.

Her Charred Body Found in the Woods. Joplin, Mo., April 28.—Mystery enshrouds the death of Mrs. Myrtle Tolbot, a young woman of Galena, whose charred body was found in the woods six miles west of this city early Sunday morning. Two men, Robert Jones and Rube Long, said to know more about the affair than anyone else, are missing.

### Is Depew to Succeed Porter?

Paris, April 25.—It is believed that Gen. Horace Porter, American ambassador to France, who has just been granted 60 days' leave of absence, will never again return to this city. It is intimated that he will be succeeded by Chauncy Depew.

## THE IRISH AGAINST JOHN HAY.

A Resolution Sent to President Roosevelt Protesting Against the Secretary of State's Action on Russian Demands.

New York, April 28.—The United Irish societies of New York city have adopted and sent to President Roosevelt a resolution protesting against the reported action of John Hay, secretary of state, in instructing the United States minister to Peking to reject the demands of Russia in Manchuria. The resolution declares that such action is fraught with peril to the United States and is taken at the instance of England to promote interests which are not American. President Roosevelt was asked to note that the course of the state department "since John Hay assumed control of it has been and still is dictated by a sole purpose to serve British at the expense of American interests."

### RAILROADS RESTRAINED.

Judge Phillips Grants a Temporary Injunction Against Eight Roads for Alleged Discriminations.

Kansas City, Mo., April 28.—Judge John F. Phillips, in the United States circuit court here yesterday, granted a temporary injunction restraining the following eight named railroads from discriminating against small shippers: Chicago & Alton; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy; Missouri Pacific; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Wabash, and Chicago Great Western. The decision delivered by Judge Phillips, which was oral, maintains that the discriminations and rebates made and allowed by the railroad companies were violative of the interstate commerce act, and that they tended to create a monopoly in the shipment of grain and products.

### Steel Syndicate Made Large Profits.

New York, April 28.—Members of the original United States steel syndicate, who put up \$25,000,000 in cash and stood liable to have to put up \$175,000,000 more, yesterday received notice of the dissolution of the syndicate and of the final share in the distribution of profits, aggregating \$50,000,000, or 200 per cent. They long ago received their original cash deposit of 12 1/2 per cent. back again. Besides that, 20 per cent. dividends had been declared.

### Col. Andrew Smith Dead.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 28.—News has been received here of the death of Col. Andrew J. Smith at Cuchara, Col. He was at one time a federal officer in Montana and served as governor of the soldiers' home at Leavenworth, Kan., and Los Angeles, Cal. For the past four years he had been inspector of the homes.

Favor Reviving the Confession of Faith. Philadelphia, April 28.—Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, stated clerk of the Presbyterian general assembly, announced that two-thirds of the presbyteries have voted in favor of revising the confession of faith. The subject will be finally disposed of by the general assembly which meets in Los Angeles next month.

### Suicide Follows Blackballing.

Hannibal, Mo., April 28.—W. B. Humrich, a well-to-do resident of Hannibal, committed suicide at his residence here by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. Although no reason was given, his action is attributed to worry over his inability to gain admission into a local lodge.

### Call the Pope "Anti-Christ."

London, April 28.—The Protestant alliance has telegraphed to the secretary who will be in attendance on King Edward at Rome, expressing its "intense regret that our Protestant king intends to visit the pope, who is described in the homilies of our established church as anti-Christ."

### A Religious Merger.

Washington, April 28.—At a meeting to be held here May 27 a merger of the Congregational, Methodist, Protestant and United Brethren churches will be effected in accordance with a plan which was formulated at a joint committee meeting in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week.

### Office Does Not Tempt Him.

Kansas City, Mo., April 28.—William W. Heffelfinger, of Minneapolis, has declined to accept the position of civil service commissioner offered him by President Theodore Roosevelt. Mr. Heffelfinger made public his refusal of the offer while on a business trip here Monday.

### Tom Johnson Out of It.

Kansas City, Mo., April 28.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, O., has written a personal friend here that under no circumstances will he permit his name to be used for president in 1904. He intimates that he will be in the race for governor of Ohio.

### Shot While Playing Burglar.

Hutchinson, Kan., April 28.—Bert Parker, a 15-year-old boy, was shot in the face here and dangerously but not fatally wounded. The shooting was accidental. Parker, with three boy friends, was playing burglar.

### Forty-Two Murderers in One Jail.

Muskogee, I. T., April 28.—Forty-two murderers are now confined in the Muskogee federal jail awaiting trial. Some of them are desperate men and others are held for most atrocious crimes.

### Vasquez Seeks Refuge in Cuba.

Havana, April 28.—Gen. Vasquez, former president of the republic of Santo Domingo, landed at Guantanamo, Cuba, Monday, from a Dominican gunboat.

## LEE QUILTS OFFICE.

Lieutenant Governor of Missouri Does the Expected Thing.

Senator Rubey, of Macon County, His Successor—Records of the Senate Mutilated—Hickox and Page in Contempt.

St. Louis, April 27.—Lieut. Gov. John A. Lee has resigned. His resignation was mailed at three o'clock yesterday afternoon to Gov. Dockery at Jefferson City. It bore a special delivery stamp and was delivered to the governor before he went to his office this morning. It becomes immediately operative, under the law, without any action on the part of the governor. By operation of the constitution Senator Thomas L. Rubey, of Macon county, president pro tem. of the senate, who represents the Ninth senatorial district, succeeds Lee. Senator Rubey is regarded as one of the foremost men in the senate and his legislative record is without spot or stain.

John A. Lee is said to have admitted that he had aided Daniel J. Kelley, the legislative agent of the baking powder trust, in disbursing money used to defeat the repeal of the anti-lump bill in the state assembly of 1901. Lee, according to one source of information, about March 18, 1901, received from Legislative Agent Kelley \$10,000. It was all in bills of denominations of \$100 or less, and was given to Lee with the express understanding that he should distribute it among the senators. This was when the first repeal bill was introduced, and it is alleged that Lee accepted the money at a hotel in this city and two days later repaired to the Laclede hotel, where he had called a meeting of the "anti-lump combine." Some information, secured here, is not inconsistent with the theory that Farris may have done what Lee is accused of doing, "knocking down." He deposited \$4,600 in one bank the day he reached home from the legislature, but it was checked down to about \$1,000 in a very short time. The legislature adjourned March 19. Lee says he paid off on March 20. Farris made the deposit on March 21. He is supposed to have left the Laclede hotel with \$5,000 in his possession, the money to be used by himself and certain other senators, members of the same committee.

### Senate Records Were Mutilated.

St. Louis, April 28.—Witnesses testified before the St. Louis grand jury yesterday that the records of the Missouri senate were falsified two years ago to make the journal show that the alum bill had been reported by the committee of criminal jurisprudence before final adjournment. The senate journal, it is said, shows that the bill was reported before the senate adjourned, when in fact it was held until the senate had passed out of existence as a law-making body and then placed on the records as of a date several days before. The grand juries of St. Louis and Cole county will inquire further into this new development of the case.

### Hickox and Page in Contempt.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 28.—Circuit Judge Hazell yesterday held Cole Hickox, senate clerk, and Editor I. N. Page, of Bonne Terre, in contempt of court for refusing to tell the grand jury where they secured currency bills of large denomination during the session of the last legislature. They will apply to the supreme court for release on habeas corpus proceedings to-day. Hickox broke down and cried when the verdict was rendered, but he refused to divulge how he came in possession of the money.

### A Week's Work at Jefferson City.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 28.—The grand jury investigation of legislative boodling was resumed here Monday. Attorney General Crow and his assistant, Sam B. Jeffries, are conducting the investigation and have a week's work before them. The first outside witness to arrive was J. T. Graves, of Fredericktown, who is cashier of a trust company that received a deposit of two \$1,000 bills. These bills are supposed to have belonged to the "alum" payment of \$15,000 which was made in \$1,000 and \$500 bills.

### Impeachment of Legislators Demanded.

Sedalia, Mo., April 28.—The Democrat editorially calls upon Gov. Dockery to convene the legislature in extra session in order that all members indicted for boodling may be impeached.

### Masons to Lay Cornerstone.

Kansas City, Mo., April 28.—The grand lodge of masons of Missouri will lay the cornerstone of the Missouri world's fair building on the St. Louis exposition grounds Saturday afternoon. The ceremony will be performed by Dr. W. F. Kuhn, of this city, who became acting grand master by the death of John C. Youm. Rev. W. J. Williamson, of St. Louis, will act as grand chaplain.

### Business Block Burned at Centralia.

Centralia, Mo., April 28.—An entire block of business houses burned here last night, and the loss will exceed \$100,000 it is estimated. The losers are: J. W. Hulén, hardware; J. G. Wiseman & Son, dry goods; Bank of Centralia; T. O. Robinson, dry goods; H. Brown, groceries; C. W. Lyons, Sames & Roberts, groceries; W. W. Boatman, hardware, and Miss Annie Sherry, millinery.

### King Edward in Rome.

Rome, April 28.—King Edward arrived here from Naples Monday and was received by King Victor Emmanuel in person, who escorted the visiting sovereign through the densely packed streets. Their majesties received a great popular ovation.

## ROOSEVELT'S WESTERN TRIP.

Wind Blew Dust and Sand All the Way Across Nebraska—Great Crowds Welcomed Him.

Omaha, Neb., April 28.—Ten thousand people were gathered at the Coliseum to hear President Roosevelt. The day had been a trying one for the entire party, the wind blowing the entire day, and at Lincoln a smart rainstorm greeted the president on his arrival. The dust and sand which blew across the prairies added another unpleasant feature to the journey, which was of a circuitous route. After leaving Grand Island the first stop was at Hastings. Fairmount and Crete received short stops and the train arrived at Lincoln at one o'clock. After brief stops at Wahoo and Fremont, the journey was not again interrupted until Omaha was reached at 5:15.

President Roosevelt made an early start from Grand Island on what promises to be a busy week. He broke the ground for the new Carnegie library and then delivered a short address in front of the high school at 9:15.

At Hastings the president spoke of the forestry situation in Nebraska, saying that as the people of the state were protecting the original scanty forest they now had a more and better natural forest than ever before. But the work should not stop, he said; the people should continue the planting of trees. The federal bureau of forestry, he said, is co-operating directly with tree-planters in different parts of the state. At the conclusion of his speech the president was taken for a short drive, in the course of which he made an address to the school children.

### WESTON AGAINST MILES.

Commissioner General Tells Why Beef on the Hoof Cannot Be Supplied to Soldiers in the Philippines.

Washington, April 28.—The war department Monday made public the report of Lieut. Gen. Miles, who made a tour of inspection of the Philippines. Gen. Miles strongly recommended that beef on the hoof be supplied to the troops in the Philippines. This portion of his report was referred to Gen. J. F. Weston, commissary general, who in reply states: "In my judgment it is not a feasible or economical plan and there should be no departure from the present system of supplying frozen beef." Gen. Weston says his office has never received any complaint about frozen beef, but on the contrary, uniform commendations. Gen. Weston adds: "Native beef is out of the question even if it were possible to procure it and there would be danger in using it besides it being poor, stringy and tough, but the ripest practically destroyed the native cattle. The experiment of bringing cattle was tried, as was stated by Col. Woodruff and was an absolute failure." Gen. Weston sums up his objections to the plan in the following: "The supply of cattle on the hoof for the military service in the Philippines is not practicable, would involve enormous expense and entail useless loss of animal life, and would serve no useful purpose either of administration, economy or health. At least 50 per cent. of the cattle would not survive the trip, so that the government would not only lose half of the cargo but would actually pay freight on what was lost."

### A SERIOUS WRECK.

A Stock Train Crashes Into a Work Train Near Buffalo, Kan., and 11 Men Were Killed and 25 Injured.

Buffalo, Kan., April 28.—A north-bound Missouri Pacific stock train crashed into the rear end of a work train just north of this town. Eleven men were killed and 25 injured. Ten of the latter are dangerously and four probably fatally injured. All were Greeks or Italians excepting one, Peter Fry, an American, who has lived here several years and was a loss on the work train.

### Bulletin on Railroad Accidents.

Washington, April 28.—The interstate commerce commission yesterday issued a bulletin on railroad accidents for the three months ended December 31, 1902. It shows that during that period in train accidents 366 persons were killed and 2,788 injured. Accidents of other kinds, including those sustained by employees while at work and by passengers in getting on and off cars, etc., bring the total number of casualties up to 938 killed and 11,873 injured.

### Paid \$700,000 for Coal Land.

Washington, Pa., April 28.—One of the largest coal deals in western Pennsylvania for several years has just been consummated here. It consisted of 7,000 acres of the Pittsburg vein known as the Lone Pine block and it passed from the hands of the farmers to Pittsburg, New York and Philadelphia capitalists. The average price paid was \$100 an acre.

### Land Withdrawn from Entry.

Washington, April 25.—The commissioner of the general land office yesterday issued orders temporarily withdrawing from entry in connection with proposed irrigation enterprises about 368,000 acres of public land located in the Buffalo and Lander land office districts of Wyoming.

### Philippine Landing for the Cable.

Washington, April 25.—Secretary Root has granted permission to the Pacific Commercial Cable company to land its line on the military reserve near Fort San Antonio Abad, Philippines, and to erect a cable station there.

## AND THIS IN ILLINOIS.

Mob of Farmers Hanged a Negro and Then Made Overnight on a Camp of Bridge Builders.

Thebes, Ill., April 28.—An unknown negro, aged about 37 years, was lynched by a mob of angry farmers near the village of Santa Fe yesterday afternoon for attempting to assault the ten-year-old daughter of Farmer Branson Davis, and this was followed by a general onslaught upon a colony of negroes living in tents, who were engaged in bridge construction work. The tents were burned and many negroes were shot, but so far as known none were killed. Hundreds of shots were exchanged, but no whites were hurt.

### Lynchings for 21 Years.

New Haven, Conn., April 24.—J. Elbert Cutler, of Boulder, Col., a post-graduate student at Yale, has just completed an exhaustive investigation into lynchings in the United States for the past 21 years. He finds that the total for this period is 3,233, of whom 1,872 were negroes and 1,256 whites. There were 61 women lynched in that period, 23 of them white women, and of these nine for murder. In the south 1,091 negroes were lynched and 593 whites. Statistics cannot be made to show more than 35 per cent. of negroes lynched for crimes against women.

### Mormons Expelled from Prussia.

Berlin, April 25.—The governments of Prussia and of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg have decided to expel the Mormon missionaries, of whom there are 145 in Germany and 90 in Prussia, on the ground that they are propagating a form of religious belief incompatible with the laws of the cause polygamy is not excluded from their doctrines. The missionaries, who are all Americans, will be allowed sufficient time to settle up their personal affairs.

### Money for Oklahoma College.

Boston, April 26.—President J. T. House, of Kingsfisher (Ok.) college, announces that he has received one gift of \$30,000, another of \$5,000 and other gifts aggregating \$10,000 toward the \$100,000 to be raised so as to meet the conditions of the gift of \$25,000 offered by D. K. Pearsons, of Chicago. The total of contributions thus far is \$60,000.

### Post Office at Deepwater Robbed.

Deepwater, Mo., April 27.—The post office here was broken into and the safe broken open. The robbers secured about \$900 in money and stamps. No arrests have been made. A reward of \$200 has been offered.

### Farmer Tipped Over the Lantern.

Oak, Neb., April 24.—P. Sosberg was milking in a cowshed and tipped a lantern over. The barn and contents, including four horses, burned quickly. Abner Weborg, a hired man, was in the loft and burned to death.

### Train Killed Kansas Farmer's Wife.

Ablene, Kan., April 27.—While taking a load of milk to the creamery Mrs. George Townsend, a prosperous farmer's wife, was struck by a Santa Fe passenger train and killed.

### When Edward Visits Paris.

Paris, April 28.—Elaborate arrangements are being carried out for the welcoming here of King Edward on Friday. They are on a scale of truly royal splendor.

### Miss Thaw Married the East.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 28.—Miss Alice Thaw, heiress to \$4,000,000, was married here Monday afternoon to George Francis Alexander, earl of Yarmouth.

### Fourteen Horses Burned to Death.

Bowling Green, Mo., April 27.—The large livery barn of Carroll Wisdoms was destroyed by fire. Fourteen horses were burned to death.

### Five Burned by Molten Metal.

Lancaster, Pa., April 28.—By an explosion of molten metal five men were horribly burned, two of them probably fatally, at Vesta furnace.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

### Live Stock.

Kansas City, April 27.—Cattle—Market steady to lower; beef steers, \$12.00 to \$12.50; native cows, \$12.00 to \$12.50; native calves, \$12.00 to \$12.50. Hogs—Market lower at \$14.00 to \$14.50. Sheep—Market lower; sheep, \$7.00 to \$7.50; lambs, \$5.00 to \$5.50. Chicago, April 27.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$12.00 to \$12.50; beef steers, \$12.00 to \$12.50; Texas long horns, \$12.00 to \$12.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$14.00 to \$14.50. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$12.00 to \$12.50; native lambs, \$12.00 to \$12.50. St. Louis, April 27.—Cattle—Beef steers, \$12.00 to \$12.50; stockers and feeders, \$12.00 to \$12.50; Texas steers, \$12.00 to \$12.50. Hogs—Pigs and lights, \$12.00 to \$12.50; butchers, \$12.00 to \$12.50. Sheep—Natives, \$12.00 to \$12.50; lambs, \$12.00 to \$12.50.

### Grain and Provisions.

Kansas City, April 27.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.00 to \$1.05; No. 2 hard, \$0.95 to \$1.00; No. 3 hard, \$0.90 to \$0.95. Corn—No. 1 mixed, \$0.75 to \$0.80; No. 2 mixed, \$0.70 to \$0.75; No. 3 mixed, \$0.65 to \$0.70. Oats—No. 1 white, \$0.50 to \$0.55; No. 2 white, \$0.45 to \$0.50; No. 3 white, \$0.40 to \$0.45. Rye—No. 1, \$0.60 to \$0.65; No. 2, \$0.55 to \$0.60; No. 3, \$0.50 to \$0.55. Hay—Timothy, \$1.00 to \$1.05; alfalfa, \$0.80 to \$0.85. Eggs—\$0.20 to \$0.25. Butter—Creamery, extra, \$1.00 to \$1.05; fancy, \$1.00 to \$1.05; store packed, \$0.95 to \$1.00. Potatoes—new, \$0.50 to \$0.55; per bu.; old, home grown, \$0.40 to \$0.45; per bu. Asparagus, \$1.00 to \$1.05; per doz. Lettuce, \$0.50 to \$0.55; per doz. basket. Onions, \$0.40 to \$0.45; per bu. Cabbage, new, \$0.25 to \$0.30; per doz. bunches. Tomatoes, \$0.50 to \$0.55; per six-basket crate. Apples, \$0.50 to \$0.55; per bbl.

Chicago and St. Louis Cash Grain. Chicago, April 27.—Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.00 to \$1.05; No. 3 red, \$0.95 to \$1.00; No. 1 hard winter, \$1.00 to \$1.05; No.